

An aerial photograph of a coastal road. The road is a two-lane highway with yellow center and white edge lines, curving along a rocky coastline. To the left of the road is a body of water with a vibrant turquoise hue. To the right, a rocky cliffside features a multi-tiered waterfall cascading down. The surrounding landscape is lush with green vegetation and trees. The overall scene is scenic and rugged.

COMMERCIAL METALS COMPANY

TENSAR ACQUISITION

RESULTS

RECYCLING
REBAR
REINFORCE
REVOLUTIONIZE
RESPONSIBLE
REAL

Forward-Looking Statements

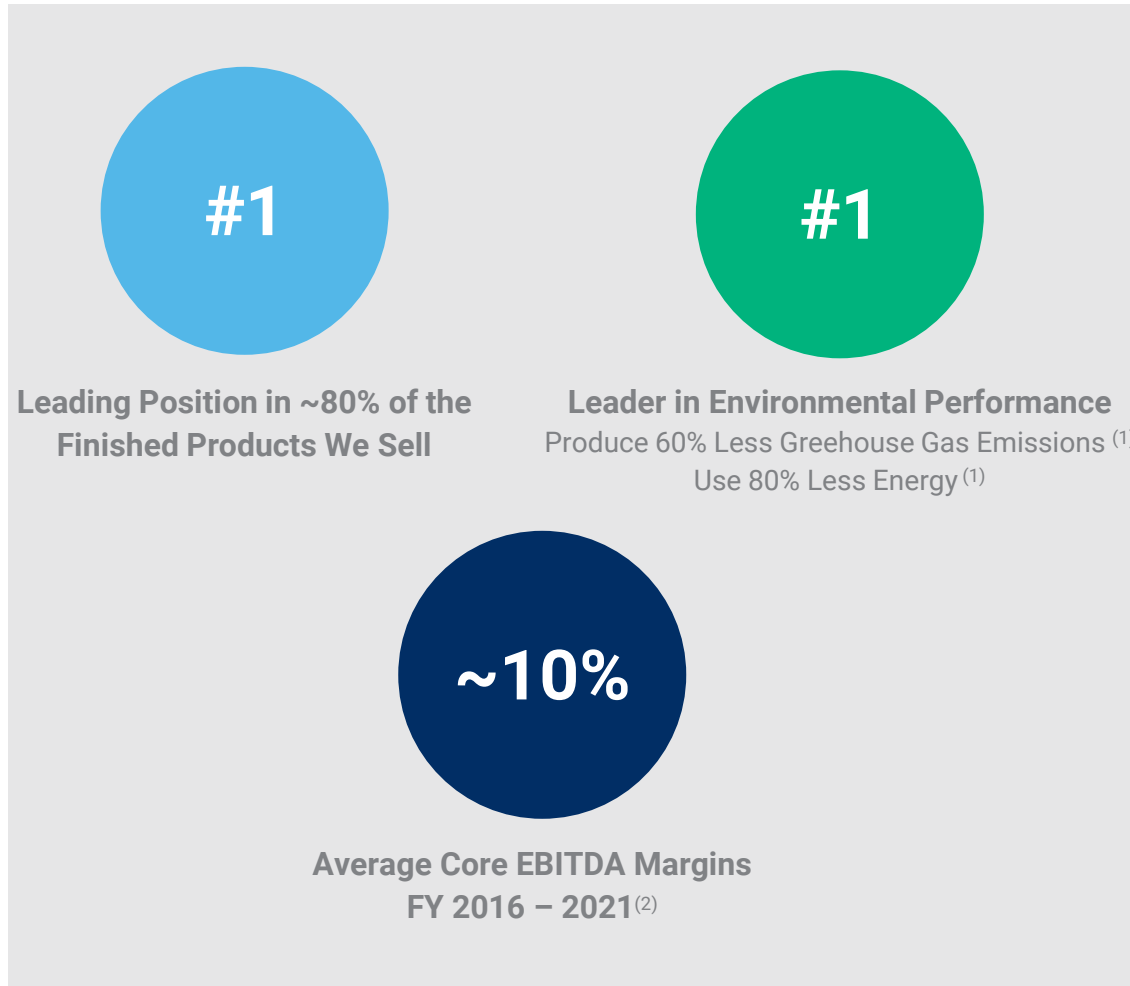
This presentation contains forward-looking statements within the meaning of the federal securities laws, including, without limitation, with respect to the proposed acquisition of Tensar and the timing thereof, the ability to obtain regulatory approvals and meet other closing conditions for the proposed acquisition, general economic conditions, key macro-economic drivers that impact our business, the effects of ongoing trade actions, the effects of continued pressure on the liquidity of our customers, potential synergies and organic growth provided by acquisitions and strategic investments (including the proposed acquisition of Tensar), demand for our products, metal margins, the effect of COVID-19 and related governmental and economic responses thereto, the ability to operate our steel mills at full capacity, future availability and cost of supplies of raw materials and energy for our operations, share repurchases, legal proceedings, the undistributed earnings of our non-U.S. subsidiaries, U.S. non-residential construction activity, international trade, capital expenditures, our liquidity and our ability to satisfy future liquidity requirements, estimated contractual obligations and our expectations or beliefs concerning future events. The statements in this presentation that are not historical statements, are forward-looking statements. These forward-looking statements can generally be identified by phrases such as we or our management "expects," "anticipates," "believes," "estimates," "future," "intends," "may," "plans to," "ought," "could," "will," "should," "likely," "appears," "projects," "forecasts," "outlook" or other similar words or phrases, as well as by discussions of strategy, plans or intentions.

Although we believe that our expectations are reasonable, we can give no assurance that these expectations will prove to have been correct, and actual results may vary materially. Except as required by law, we undertake no obligation to update, amend or clarify any forward-looking statements to reflect changed assumptions, the occurrence of anticipated or unanticipated events, new information or circumstances or any other changes. Important factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from our expectations include those described in Part I, Item 1A, "Risk Factors" of our annual report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended August 31, 2021, as well as the following: the inability to obtain, or delays in obtaining, required approvals under applicable antitrust legislation and other regulatory and third party consents and approvals; failure to retain key management and employees of Tensar; issues or delays in the successful integration of Tensar's operations with those of CMC, including incurring or experiencing unanticipated costs and/or delays or difficulties; difficulties or delays in the successful transition of Tensar from its information technology systems to those of CMC, as well as risks associated with other integration or transition of the operations, systems and personnel of Tensar; unfavorable reaction to the acquisition of Tensar by customers competitors, suppliers, partners and employees; restrictions during the pendency of the proposed acquisition that may impact CMC's ability to pursue certain business opportunities or strategic transactions; changes in economic conditions which affect demand for our products or construction activity generally, and the impact of such changes on the highly cyclical steel industry; rapid and significant changes in the price of metals, potentially impairing our inventory values due to declines in commodity prices or reducing the profitability of our downstream contracts due to rising commodity pricing; impacts from COVID-19 on the economy, demand for our products, global supply chain and on our operations, including the responses of governmental authorities to contain COVID-19 and the impact from the distribution of various COVID-19 vaccines; excess capacity in our industry, particularly in China, and product availability from competing steel mills and other steel suppliers including import quantities and pricing; compliance with and changes in existing and future government laws, regulations and other legal requirements and judicial decisions that govern our business, including increased environmental regulations associated with climate change and greenhouse gas emissions; involvement in various environmental matters that may result in fines, penalties or judgments; potential limitations in our or our customers' abilities to access credit and non-compliance by our customers with our contracts; activity in repurchasing shares of our common stock under our repurchase program; financial covenants and restrictions on the operation of our business contained in agreements governing our debt; our ability to successfully identify, consummate and integrate other acquisitions, and the effects that acquisitions may have on our financial leverage; operating and start-up risks, as well as market risks associated with the commissioning of new projects could prevent us from realizing anticipated benefits and could result in a loss of all or a substantial part of our investment; lower than expected future levels of revenues and higher than expected future costs; failure or inability to implement growth strategies in a timely manner; impact of goodwill impairment charges; impact of long-lived asset impairment charges; currency fluctuations; global factors, such as trade measures, military conflicts and political uncertainties, including the impact of the Biden administration on current trade regulations, such as Section 232 trade tariffs, tax legislation and other regulations which might adversely impact our business; availability and pricing of electricity, electrodes and natural gas for mill operations; ability to hire and retain key executives and other employees; competition from other materials or from competitors that have a lower cost structure or access to greater financial resources; information technology interruptions and breaches in security; ability to make necessary capital expenditures; availability and pricing of raw materials and other items over which we exert little influence, including scrap metal, energy and insurance; unexpected equipment failures; losses or limited potential gains due to hedging transactions; litigation claims and settlements, court decisions, regulatory rulings and legal compliance risks (including, in each case, with respect to the proposed acquisition of Tensar); risk of injury or death to employees, customers or other visitors to our operations; and civil unrest, protests and riots.

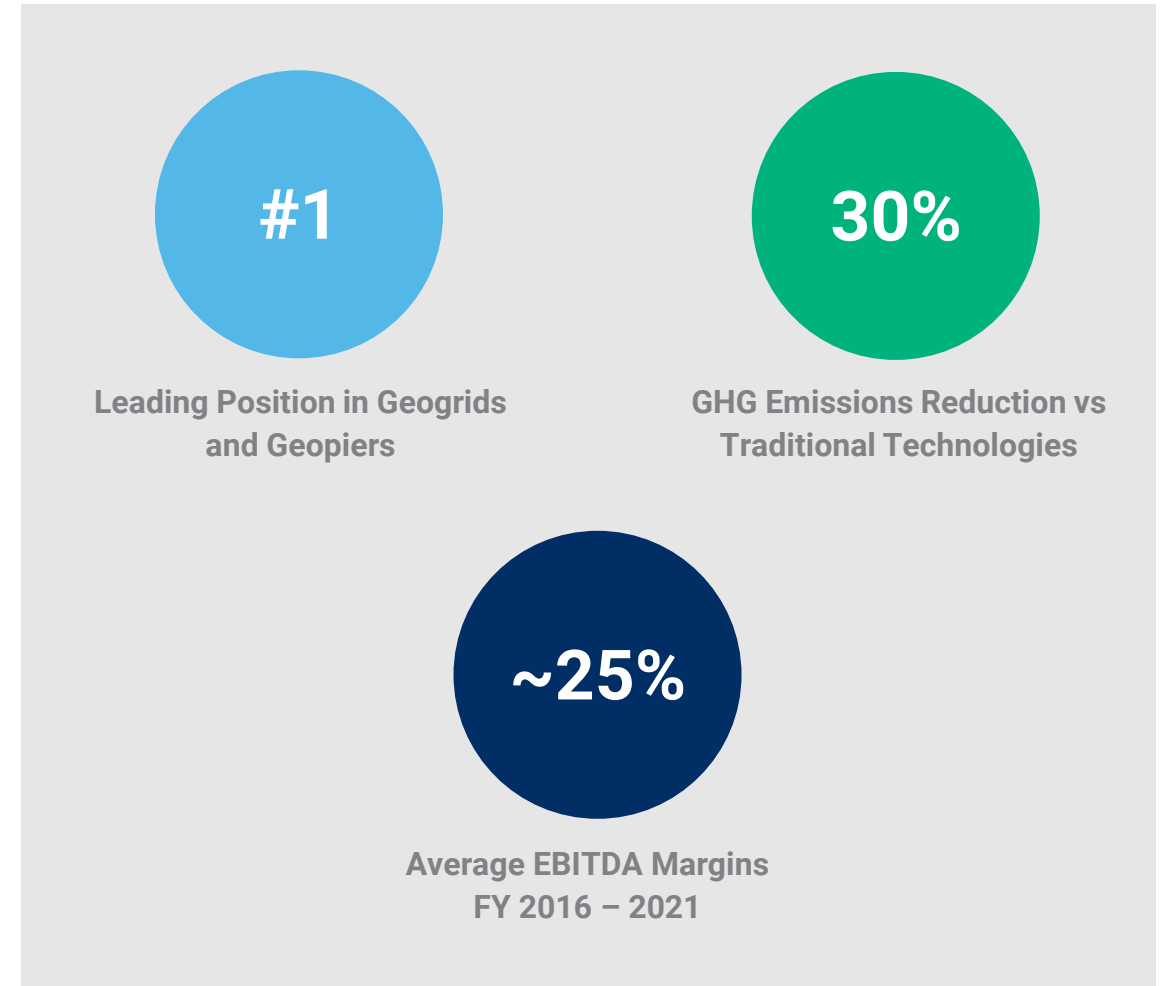


Expanding Our Leadership Position in Construction Reinforcement

CMC – Leader in Concrete Reinforcement for Infrastructure and Non-Residential Construction



Tensor – Leader in Engineered Construction Ground Reinforcement Solutions



+



1 Compared to global steel industry average published by the World Steel Association

2 Core EBITDA is a non-GAAP financial measure. For definitions and reconciliations of non-GAAP financial measures to the most directly comparable GAAP financial measures, see the appendix to this document

Compelling Strategic Rationale

- Tensar is an industry leader with strong and stable margins, unparalleled innovation capabilities, and a best-in-class customer value proposition
- Acquisition expands CMC's construction solutions offering into complementary ground reinforcement solutions market, with end-use markets and customers we know well
- Meaningfully extends CMC's growth runway
 - Estimated total addressable market of \$13 billion¹
 - Platform for further expansion into complementary high-value engineered solutions
 - Under-penetrated markets with significant long-term product adoption potential
 - Opportunity to leverage CMC's substantial North American and European commercial reach
- Deepens and broadens CMC's exposure to global infrastructure investment
 - Deepens: North American and European concrete roadways and general construction reinforcement markets
 - Broadens: Sales into 80+ countries globally; non-rebar reinforcement markets (e.g. asphalt roadways, rail beds, retaining walls, etc.)
- Strong environmental product performance capable of substantial emissions reductions compared to traditional methods



Creates a global leader in construction reinforcement solutions, with improved margin stability and strong free cash flow generation



Complementary Offering Expands CMC's Portfolio

Tensar

- 1 Industry leader in specialty early phase construction reinforcement
- 2 Diverse geographical exposure and commercial reach
- 3 Attractive and growing end markets with significant penetration opportunity
- 4 Proven innovation leader with substantial proprietary intellectual property
- 5 Best-in-class customer value proposition
- 6 Strong secular tailwinds
- 7 Growth-oriented go-to-market strategy
- 8 Strong sustainability profile aligns with CMC's values



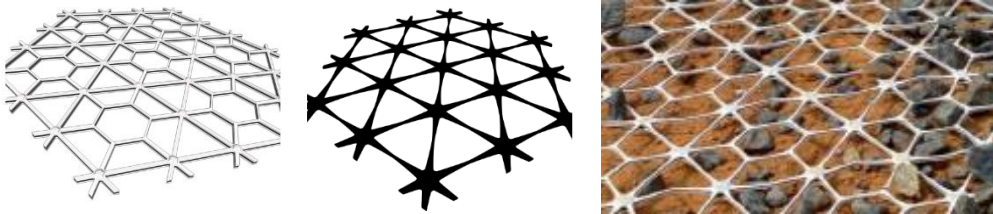
1 Industry Leader in Specialty Early Phase Construction Reinforcement

Geogrids

Description

- Polymer based products for subgrade ground stabilization, soil reinforcement, and asphalt optimization
- Produced in rolled sheets and applied below aggregate base
- Increases road base or foundation stability and extends life of asset

Profile



Applications

- Public and private roads – particularly asphalt, but also concrete roads
- Infrastructure – rail, ports, airports, mining
- Energy – Wind and solar, petrochemical, and oil & gas
- Buildings – under loadbearing working surfaces in distribution centers, industrial plants, etc.

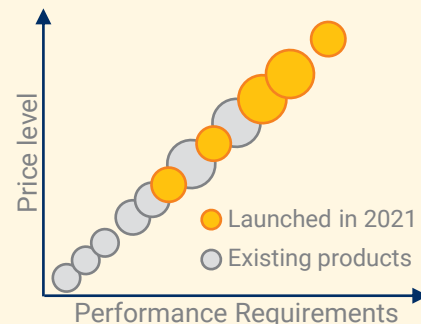
Geopiers

- Foundation technology to create building foundations on almost all soil types, including weak and compressible soils
- Alternative approach to traditional pilings
- Not a manufactured product – Tensar designs solutions and licenses its technology for execution by contractor

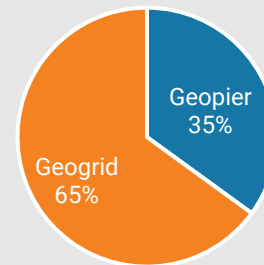


- Highway – roadway walls, bridge abutments, embankments
- Energy – wind farms
- Buildings – distribution centers, data centers, warehouses, industrial plants, healthcare facilities, multi-family residential

Tensar offers a full range of geogrid products with a focus on difficult applications

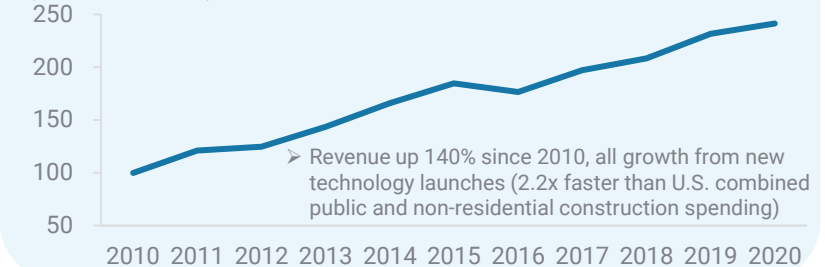


EBITDA Breakdown



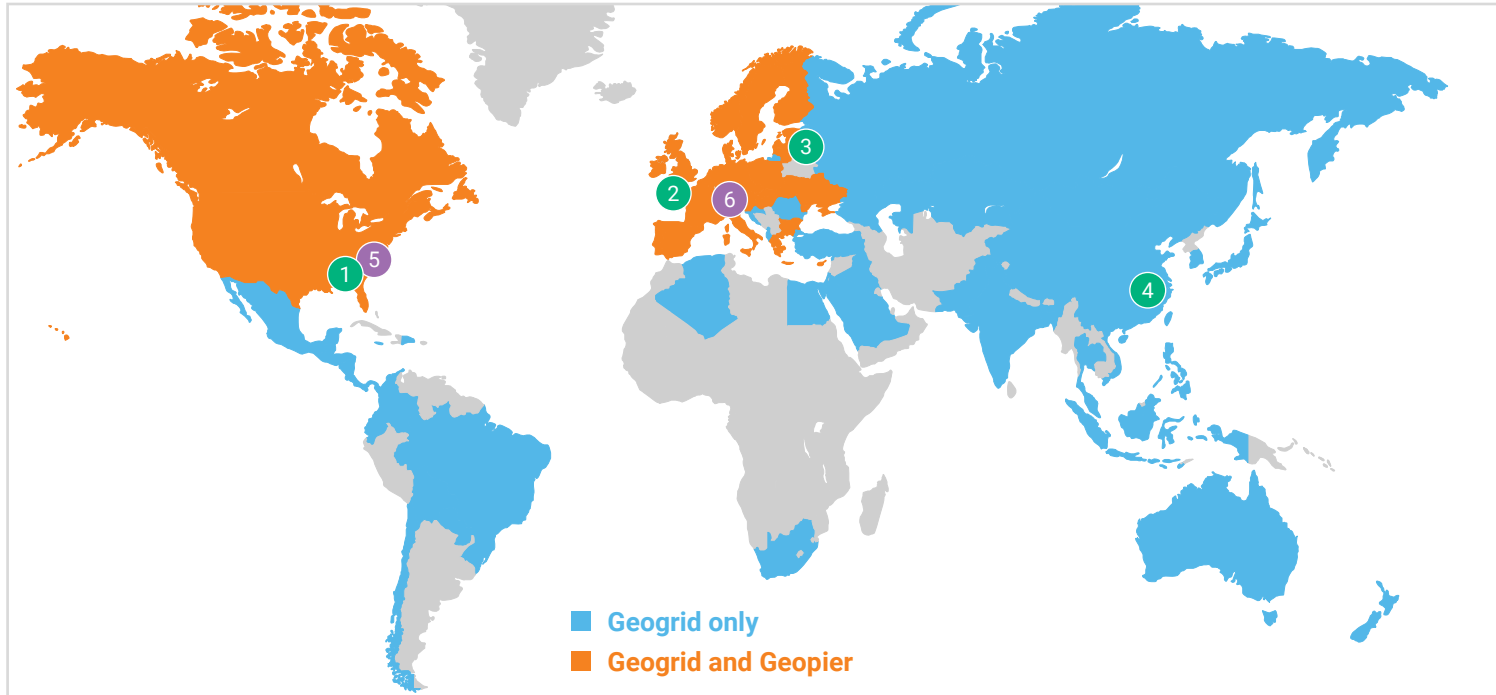
Geopier gross construction value

(indexed to 2010)



2 Diverse Geographical Exposure and Commercial Reach

Tensor sells into Over 80 Countries Globally



Geogrid Manufacturing

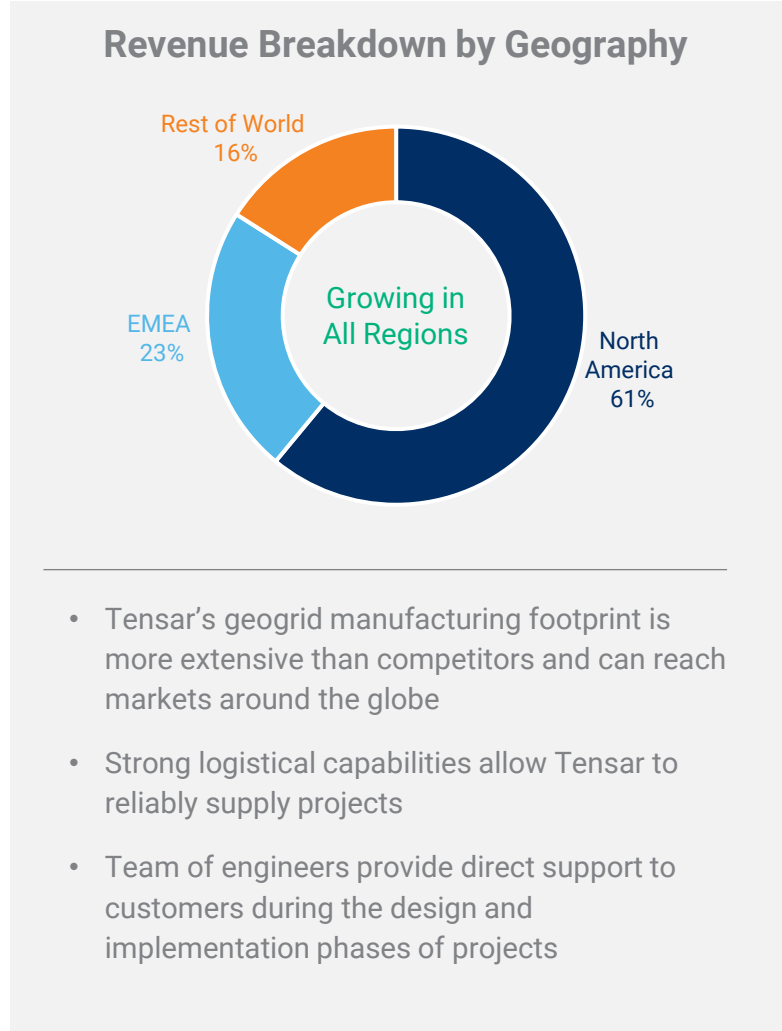
1	Morrow, GA	~40%	% of Capacity
2	Shadsworth, UK	~30%	
3	Peterhof, Russia	~10%	
4	Wuhan, China	~20%	

Geopier Engineering

- 5 Davidson, NC
- 6 Bonn, Germany

Sales Offices

- Alpharetta, GA
- Blackburn, UK
- St Petersburg, Russia
- Wuhan, China



3 Attractive End-Use Markets; Significant Product Adoption Potential

	Addressable Market	Market Size (\$ billion) ¹	Current Penetration	Applications	Market Drivers
Geogrid	Roadways	\$7.5	2%	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Subgrade stabilization Asphalt reinforcement Pavement optimization 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Population growth Infrastructure investment Recently enacted U.S. federal infrastructure bill
	Infrastructure and Site Preparation	\$2.4	5%	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Access roads Working surfaces Storage of heavy loads Retaining walls, slopes, etc. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Population growth Infrastructure investment Recently enacted U.S. federal infrastructure bill
	Energy	\$0.75	8%	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Access roads Working surfaces Retaining walls, slopes, etc. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Transition to renewable energy Expansion of oil and gas storage facilities
	Buildings	\$0.4	6%	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Private roads Working surfaces Retaining walls, slopes, etc. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> E-commerce investments Urbanization in emerging markets Non-residential spending
Geopiers	Geopiers	\$2.0	6%	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Multi-family housing Distribution and logistics Office buildings Industrial 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Population growth E-commerce investments Non-residential spending

\$13B addressable market¹



¹ Defined as estimated sales of comparable products and services

4 Proven Innovation Leader

Strong innovation and protected IP	<p>Tensar has created an unparalleled portfolio of engineered products and geopier technologies</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Strong focus on customer needs • Solutions-oriented product and technology development • Patent-protected IP • Highly successful proprietary go-to-market strategy 	<p>Original inventor of geogrids holding 14 U.S. patents</p>	<p>140 global geopier patents</p>
<p>▼</p>		<p>2 new launches in last 12 months</p>	<p>Several product launches upcoming</p>
Strong financial profile	<p>Strong and stable margins</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Recognized within the industry as quality, knowledge, and innovation leader • Portfolio of exclusive products • New product and technology launches drive growth and share of wallet with customers 	<p>~25% EBITDA margins</p>	<p>>75% free cash flow conversion</p>
<p>▼</p>		<p>~60% of revenue from patented products</p>	<p>>20% EBITDA margins during GFC</p>

Tensar has created a world class and repeatable model for developing, patenting, and commercializing new products and technologies



5 Best-in-Class Customer Value Proposition

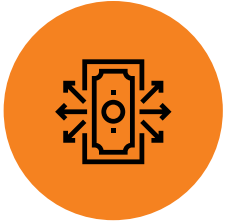
Value Proposition	Paths to Achieve	Project Stakeholders			
		Governments	Private Owners	Proj. Engineers	Contractors
Lower Construction Cost	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Reduced excavated materials volumes Reduced volumes of aggregates and asphalt required Reduced time of construction 				
Faster Construction	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Less excavation requires less time Less aggregate and asphalt installation usage requires less time 				
Lower Total Cost of Ownership	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Less frequent periodic maintenance Extended time to replacement 				
Extended Asset Life	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Various combinations of Tensar products and aggregate layer depth allows up to 6x asset life 				
Lower Environmental Impact	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Less material haulage Less aggregate usage Shortened project construction time 				

High Priority
 Medium Priority
 Low Priority

Example in Focus: Tensar's leading geogrid product line provides a range of options to project stakeholders – from a 40% reduction in aggregates usage to achieve standard road life to 6x road life when the product is combined with traditional aggregate base depth

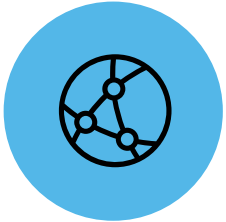


6 Strong Secular Tailwinds



Impact of recent enacted U.S. infrastructure package

At full run-rate, the bill is expected to increase Tensar's revenue by 20% compared to FY 2020 (assumes no additional market penetration gains)



Global infrastructure buildout

Tensar can economically access emerging market countries undergoing major road network expansions (e.g. India and South Asia)



U.S. labor and commercial driver shortages

Tensar products can significantly reduce site excavation and aggregates volumes, which decreases material haulage and construction time, tying up fewer resources for less time



Shift toward green

Tensar products can reduce project related greenhouse gas emissions by up to 30%

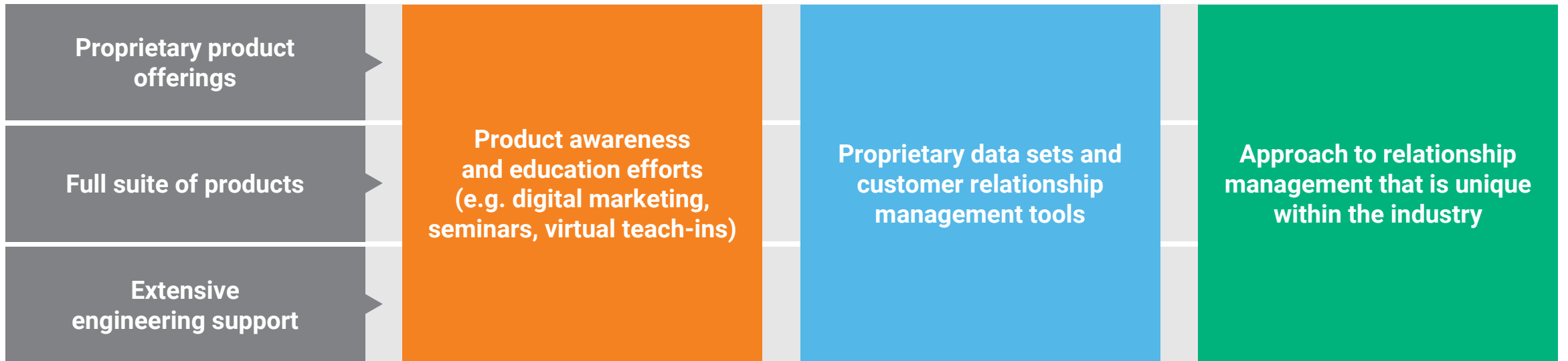


Current lower market penetration

Low penetration combined with a strong value proposition creates a long runway for organic growth

7 Growth-Oriented Go-to-Market Strategy

Multiple Customer Touchpoints at Multiple Levels



Tensor has built an industry leading commercial model that, when combined with a full suite of engineered solutions, creates a strong engine for growth

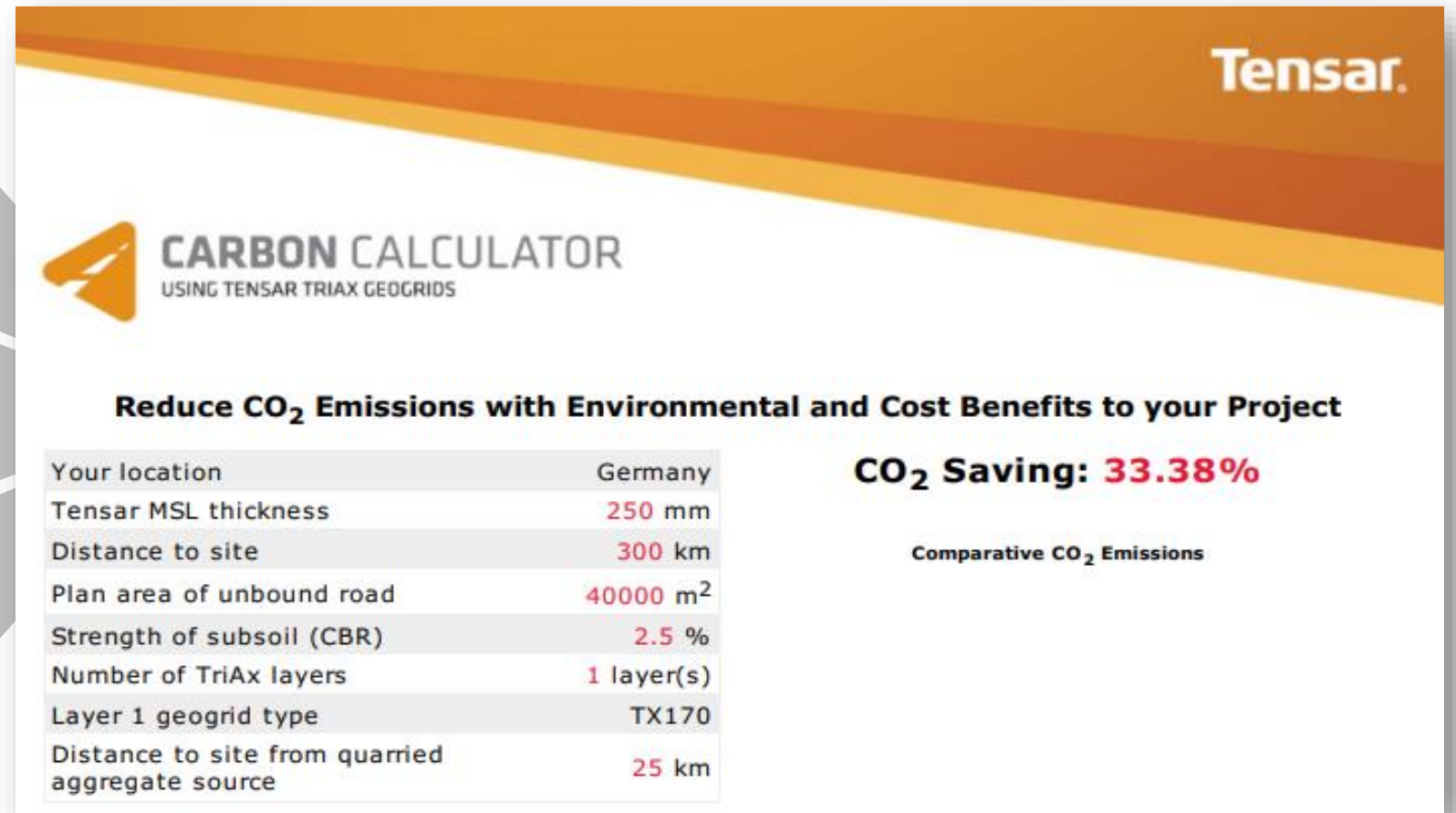
8 Strong Sustainability Profile Aligns with CMC's Values

Up to 65%
Reduction in
excavation required

Up to 40%
Less aggregates
consumed

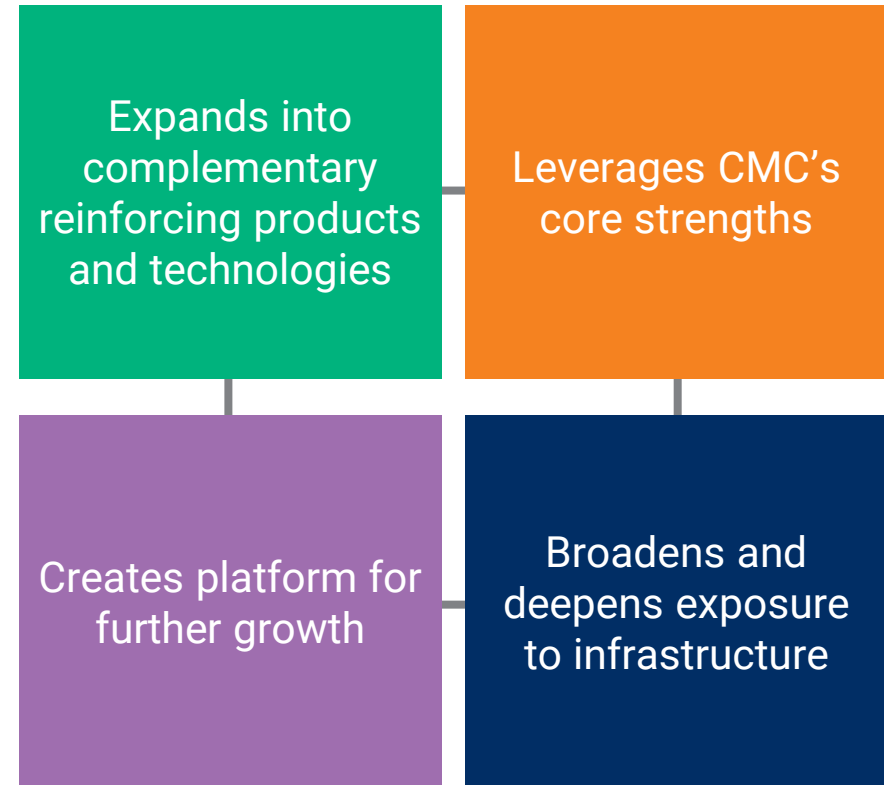
99%+
Of product scrap
recycled internally

Proprietary software designed to calculate construction CO₂ emissions reduction



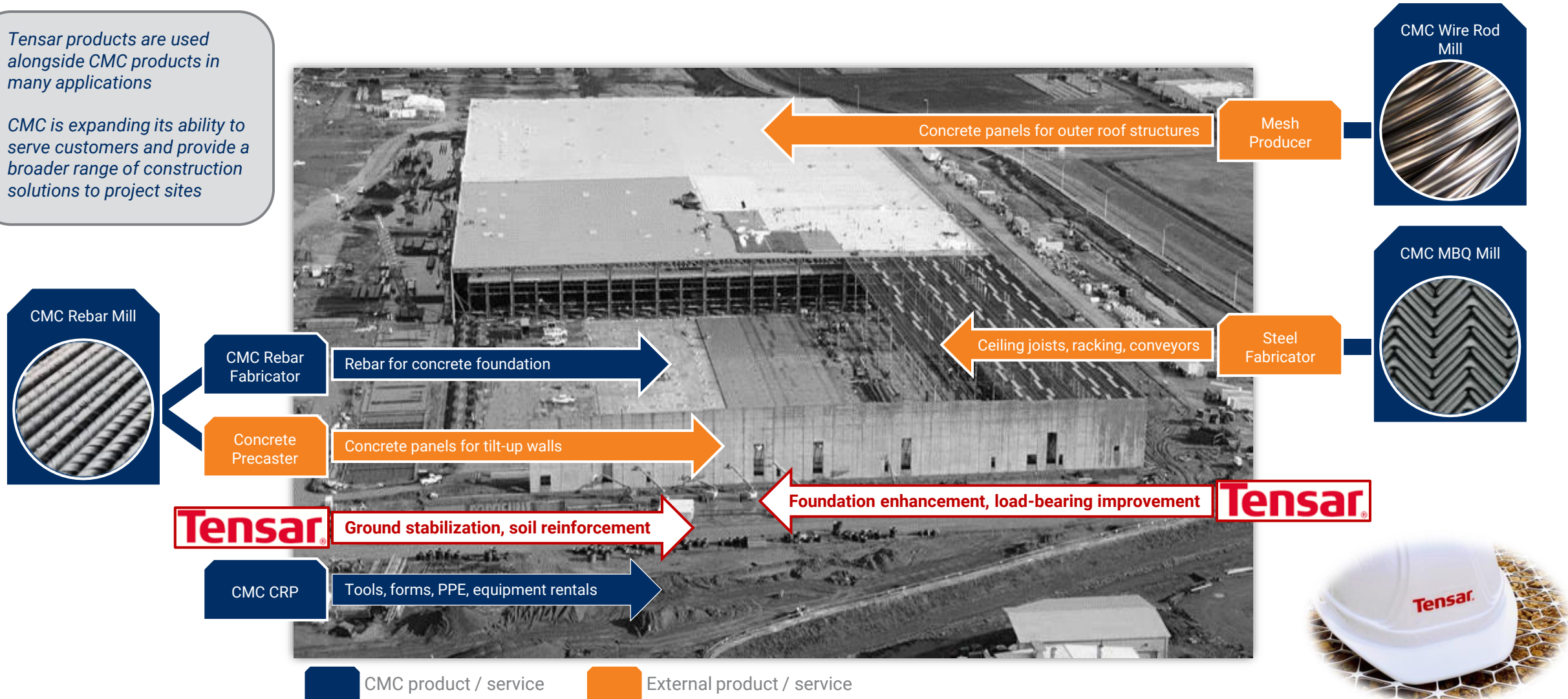
Strategically Aligned Acquisition That Builds-Out Our Core

- Transaction creates powerful global provider of diverse early phase reinforcement solutions
- Extends CMC's growth runway
 - Under-penetrated markets with significant long-term product adoption potential
 - Platform for adjacent growth
 - Leverages CMC's commercial reach and brand awareness
 - Adds profitable geographies and end-use markets
- Aligned with core strengths
 - Customer relationship-focused commercial culture
 - Value creation through innovation – product and processes
 - Expertise in reinforcing technologies
 - Operational excellence
- Enhances sustainability profile
 - Tensar reduces CO2 emissions compared to conventional processes
 - Consistent with CMC's commitment to environmental stewardship



Example of Building CMC's Value Proposition: Distribution Warehouse

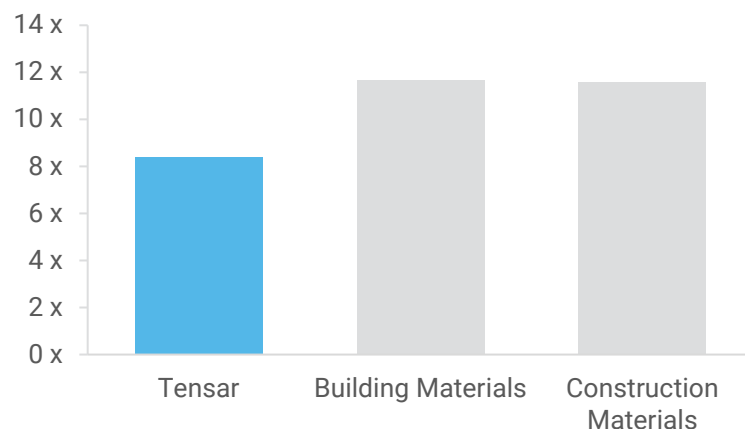
- *Tensar products are used alongside CMC products in many applications*
- *CMC is expanding its ability to serve customers and provide a broader range of construction solutions to project sites*



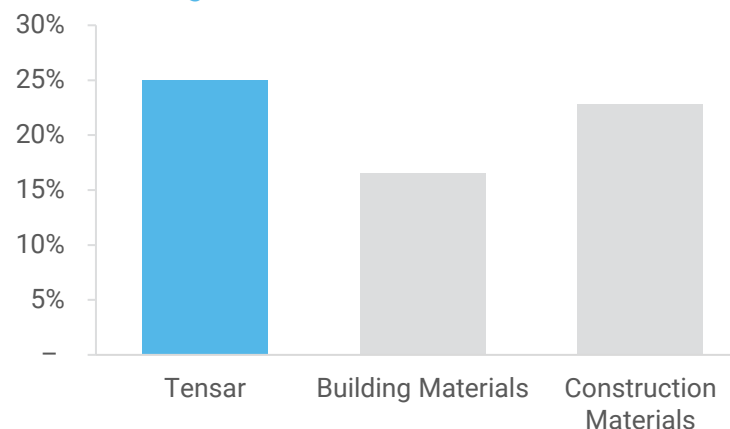
Financially Attractive Transaction

Transaction Valuation and Margin Comparisons

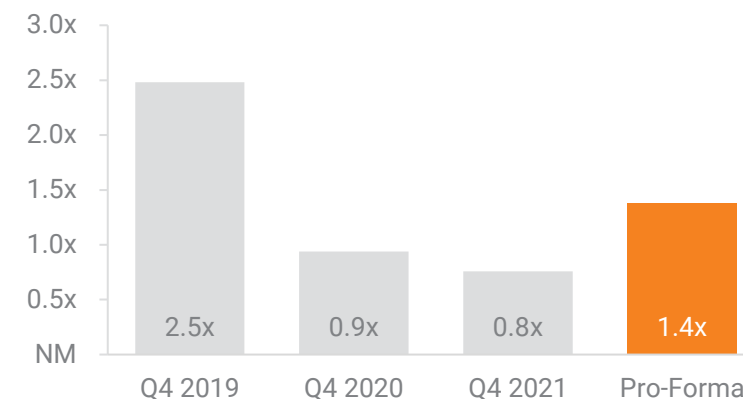
EV / FY '21 EBITDA



EBITDA Margins



Impact on CMC Net Leverage



Earnings Profile

- Stable EBITDA Margins
 - 5-year average: 25.3%
 - 5-year low: 24.3%
 - 5-year high: 27.5%
 - GFC level: <20%

Earnings Outlook

- 2021 forecasted EBITDA of \$60 million
 - Excludes cost synergies of \$5 million
- Executing on plan to achieve significant growth over next 5 years
 - Commercialization of existing and new products
 - Baseline growth of key end markets
 - Excludes impact of U.S. infrastructure package

Free Cash Flow Profile

- Far less capital intensive than legacy CMC
- Low capital expenditure requirements, even for new product line launches
- 75%+ free cash flow conversion of EBITDA

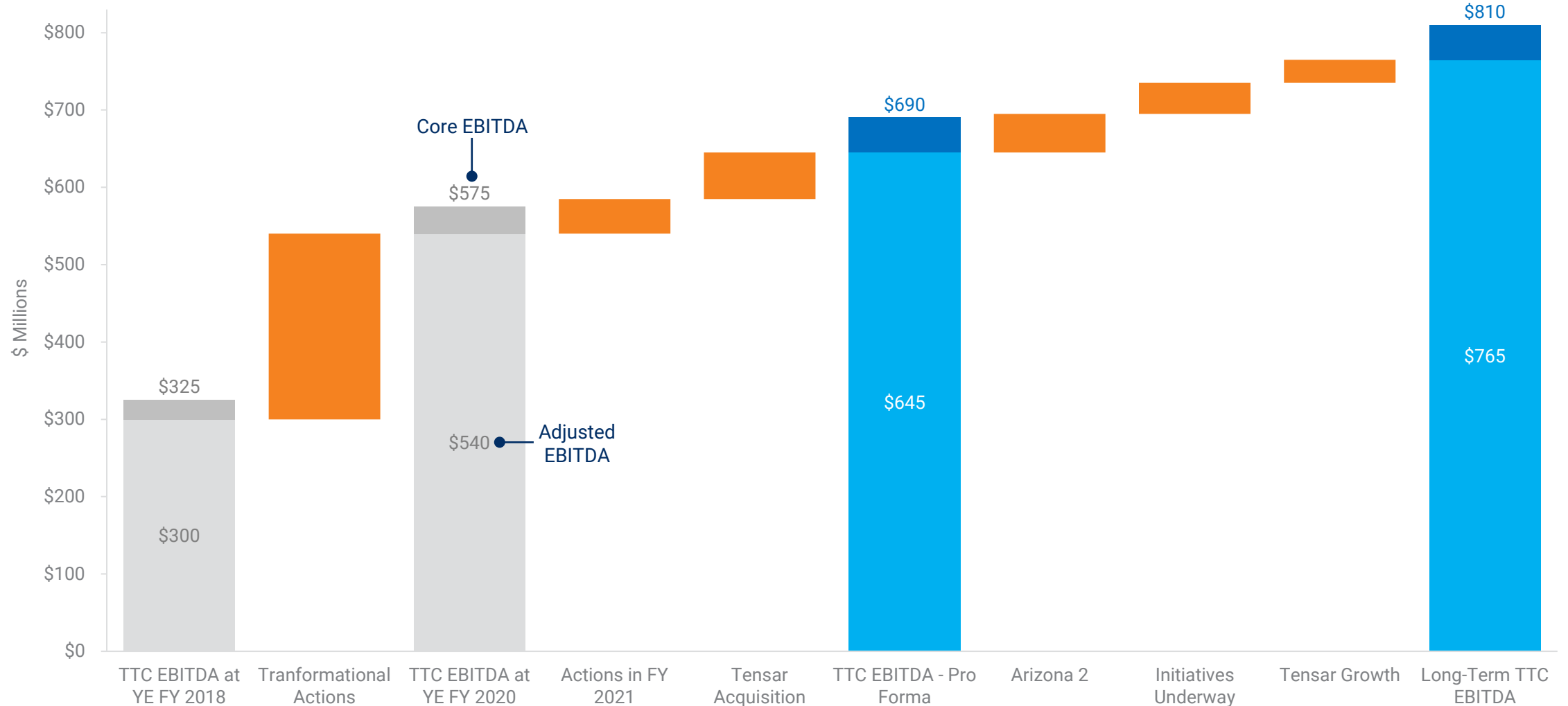


1 EBITDA multiple illustrated for Tensar includes cost synergies of \$5 million

2 Net debt to EBITDA is a non-GAAP financial measure. For definitions and reconciliations of non-GAAP financial measures to the most directly comparable GAAP financial measures, see the appendix to this document

Transaction Contributes to CMC's Long-Term Financial Model

Through-the-Cycle EBITDA (TTC EBITDA)



Note: Estimated through-the-cycle Adjusted EBITDA levels based on normalized metal margins; estimated through-the-cycle Core EBITDA equals Adjusted EBITDA plus stockbased compensation

Transaction Overview

Key terms	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Transaction structured as an equity purchase• CMC will acquire all related assets, including intellectual property• CMC will also acquire outstanding liabilities
Consideration and financing	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Transaction value of \$550 million to be paid at close• Subject to customary working capital adjustments• Financing options are under consideration• Purchase price represents 8.4x forecast FY 2021 EBITDA inclusive of cost synergies
Post-close balance sheet and leverage	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Balance sheet to remain strong, with healthy leverage metrics• Net debt to EBITDA expected to be ~1.4x after funding of transaction• Ample organic cash flow to fund key organic growth projects (e.g. Arizona 2 micro mill)
Timing	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Transaction close pending customary closing conditions, including regulatory approval• Timely execution following receipt of regulatory approval
Synergies and accretion	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Accretive to EPS, EBITDA, and cash flow• Executable cost synergies of \$5 million





Appendix



Core EBITDA Margin and Net Debt to EBITDA Reconciliations

	12 MONTHS ENDED						FY 2016 to FY 2021 Average
	8/31/2021	8/31/2020	8/31/2019	8/31/2018	8/31/2017	8/31/2016	
Net sales	\$6,729,760	\$5,476,486	\$5,829,002	\$4,642,723	\$3,844,069	\$4,177,518	
Earnings from continuing operations	\$412,865	\$278,302	\$198,779	\$135,237	\$50,175	\$57,900	
Interest expense	51,904	61,837	71,373	40,957	44,151	62,121	
Income taxes	121,153	92,476	69,681	30,147	15,276	10,810	
Depreciation and amortization	167,613	165,749	158,653	131,508	124,490	126,918	
Amortization of acquired unfavorable backlog	(6,035)	(29,367)	(74,784)	–	–	–	
Asset impairments	6,784	7,611	384	14,372	1,730	40,028	
Adjusted EBITDA from continuing operations¹	\$754,284	\$576,608	\$424,086	\$352,221	\$235,822	\$297,777	
Non-cash equity compensation	43,677	31,850	25,106	24,038	21,469	26,335	
Gain on sale of assets	(10,334)	–	–	–	–	–	
Loss on extinguishment of debt	16,841	1,778	–	–	22,672	11,480	
Facility closure	10,908	11,105	–	–	–	–	
Labor cost government refund	(1,348)	(2,985)	–	–	–	–	
Acquisition settlement	–	32,123	–	–	–	–	
Purchase accounting effect on inventory	–	–	10,315	–	–	–	
Acquisition and integration related costs	–	–	41,958	25,507	–	–	
Mill operational start-up costs	–	–	–	13,471	–	–	
CMC Steel Oklahoma incentives	–	–	–	(3,000)	–	–	
Severance	–	–	–	–	8,129	–	
Core EBITDA from continuing operations¹	\$814,028	\$650,479	\$501,465	\$412,237	\$288,092	\$335,592	
Core EBITDA margin	12.1%	11.9%	8.6%	8.9%	7.5%	8.0%	9.5%
Long-term debt	\$1,015,415	\$1,065,536	\$1,227,214				
Current maturities of long-term debt and short-term borrowings	54,366	18,149	17,439				
Total debt	\$1,069,781	\$1,083,685	\$1,244,653				
Less: cash and cash equivalents	497,745	542,103	192,461				
Net debt ¹	\$572,036	\$541,582	\$1,052,192				
Net debt to Adjusted EBITDA¹	0.8 x	0.9 x	2.5 x				



¹ See page 21 for definitions of non-GAAP measures

Definitions for non-GAAP financial measures

CORE EBITDA FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS

Core EBITDA from continuing operations is the sum of earnings from continuing operations before interest expense and income taxes. It also excludes recurring non-cash charges for depreciation and amortization and asset impairments. Core EBITDA from continuing operations also excludes debt extinguishment costs, non-cash equity compensation, certain gains on sale of assets, certain facility closure costs, acquisition settlement costs and labor cost government refunds. Core EBITDA from continuing operations should not be considered an alternative to earnings (loss) from continuing operations or net earnings (loss), or as a better measure of liquidity than net cash flows from operating activities, as determined by GAAP. However, we believe that Core EBITDA from continuing operations provides relevant and useful information, which is often used by analysts, creditors and other interested parties in our industry as it allows: (i) comparison of our earnings to those of our competitors; (ii) a supplemental measure of our ongoing core performance; and (iii) the assessment of period-to-period performance trends. Additionally, Core EBITDA from continuing operations is the target benchmark for our annual and long-term cash incentive performance plans for management. Core EBITDA from continuing operations may be inconsistent with similar measures presented by other companies.

ADJUSTED EBITDA FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS

Adjusted EBITDA from Continuing Operations is a non-GAAP financial measure. Adjusted EBITDA is the sum of the Company's earnings from continuing operations before interest expense, income taxes, depreciation and amortization expense, impairment expense, and amortization of acquired unfavorable contract backlog. Adjusted EBITDA from continuing operations should not be considered as an alternative to earnings from continuing operations or any other performance measure derived in accordance with GAAP. However, we believe that adjusted EBITDA from continuing operations provides relevant and useful information to investors as it allows: (i) a supplemental measure of our ongoing performance and (ii) the assessment of period-to-period performance trends. Management uses adjusted EBITDA from continuing operations to evaluate our financial performance. Adjusted EBITDA from continuing operations may be inconsistent with similar measures presented by other companies.

NET DEBT

Net debt is defined as total debt less cash and cash equivalents.

NET DEBT TO EBITDA

Net debt to EBITDA is defined as: 1) net debt divided by 2) trailing Adjusted EBITDA from continuing operations





Thank You

